CAUTION - CONTRACTOR CODE OF BUSINESS ETHICS (FEB 2012) DLA TROOP SUPPORT

FAR Part 3.1002(a) requires all government contractors to conduct themselves with the highest degree of integrity and Contractors should have a written code of business honesty. ethics and conduct within thirty days of award. To promote compliance with such code of business ethics and conduct, contractors should have an employee business ethics and compliance training program that facilitates timely discovery and disclosure of improper conduct in connection with government contracts and ensures corrective measures are promptly instituted and carried out. A contractor may be suspended and/or debarred for knowing failure by a principal to timely disclose to the government, in connection with the award, performance, or closeout of a government contract performed by the contractor or a subcontract awarded there under, credible evidence of a violation of federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, or gratuity violations found in title 18 of the United States Code or a violation of the False Claims Act. (31 U.S.C. 3729-3733)

If this solicitation or contract includes FAR clause 52.203-13

- CONTRACTOR CODE OF BUSINESS ETHICS AND CONDUCT; the contractor shall comply with the terms of the clause and have written code of business ethics and conduct; exercise due diligence to prevent and detect criminal conduct; promote ethical conduct and a commitment to compliance with the law within their organization; and timely report any violations of

federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery or gratuity violations found in title 18 of the United

States Code or any violations of the False Claims Act. U.S.C. 3729-3733) When FAR 52.203-13 is included in the contract, contractors must provide a copy of its written code of business ethics and conduct to the contracting officer upon

request by the contracting officer.

#### SECTION D

#### 252.211-7006 PASSIVE RADIO FREQUENCY IDENTIFICATION (SEP 2011) DFARS

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-'Advance shipment notice' means an electronic notification used to list the contents of a shipment of goods as well as used to list the contents of a simplefit of goods as well as additional information relating to the shipment, such as passive radio frequency identification (RFID) or item unique identification (IUID) information, order information, product description, physical characteristics, type of packaging, marking, carrier information, and configuration of goods

marking, carrier information, and configuration of goods within the transportation equipment.

Bulk commodities' means the following commodities, when shipped in rail tank cars, tanker trucks, trailers, other bulk wheeled conveyances, or pipelines:

(1) Sand.

Gravel (2)

- Bulk liquids (water, chemicals, or petroleum products). Ready-mix concrete or similar construction materials. Coal or combustibles such as firewood.
- (4)

Agricultural products such as seeds, grains, or animal (6) feed.

'Case' means either a MIL-STD-129 defined exterior container

within a palletized unit load or a MIL-STD-129 defined individual shipping container.
'Electronic Product Code: (EPC)' means an identification scheme for universally identifying physical objects via RFID tags and other means. The standardized EPC data consists of an EPC (or EPC identifier) that uniquely identifies on scheme for universally identifying physical objects via krib tags and other means. The standardized EPC data consists of an EPC (or EPC identifier) that uniquely identifies an individual object, as well as an optional filter value when judged to be necessary to enable effective and efficient reading of the EPC tags. In addition to this standardized data, certain classes of EPC tags will allow user-defined data. The EPC tag data standards will define the length and resirion of this data without defining its content. position of this data, without defining its content.
'EPCglobal:' means a subscriber-driven organization comprised of industry leaders and organizations focused on creating global standards for the adoption of passive RFID technology. 'Exterior container' means a MIL-STD-129 defined container, bundle, or assembly that is sufficient by reason of material, design, and construction to protect unit packs and intermediate containers and their contents during shipment and storage. It can be a unit pack or a container with a combination of unit packs or intermediate containers. An exterior container may or may not be used as a shipping container.

'Palletized unit load' means a MTL-STD-129 defined quantity of items, packed or unpacked, arranged on a pallet in a specified manner and secured, strapped, or fastened on the pallet so that the whole palletized load is handled as a single unit. A palletized or skidded load is not considered to be a shipping contract. to be a shipping container. A loaded 463L System pallet is not considered to be a palletized unit load. Refer to the Defense Transportation Regulation, DoD 4500.9-R, Part II, Chapter 203, for marking of 463L System pallets.
'Passive RFID tag' means a tag that reflects energy from the

reader/interrogator or that receives and temporarily stores a small amount of energy from the reader/interrogator signal in order to generate the tag response.

The only acceptable tags are EPC Class 1 passive RFID tags that meet the EPCglobal Class 1 Generation 2 standard. 'Radio frequency identification (RFID)' means an automatic identification and data capture technology comprising one or more reader/interrogators and one or more radio frequency transponders in which data transfer is achieved by means of suitably modulated inductive or radiating electromagnetic carriers.

'Shipping container' means a MIL-STD-129 defined exterior container that meets carrier regulations and is of sufficient strength, by reason of material, design, and construction, to be shipped safely without further packing (e.g., wooden boxes or crates, fiber and metal drums, and corrugated and solid fiberboard boxes).

(b)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause, the Contractor shall affix passive RFID tags, at the case- and palletized-unit-load packaging levels, for shipments of items that-

(i) Are in any of the following classes of supply, as defined in DoD 4140.1-R, DoD Supply Chain Materiel Management Regulation, AP1.1.11:

(A) Subclass of Class I - Packaged operational rations.
 (B) Class II - Clothing, individual equipment, tentage, organizational tool kits, hand tools, and administrative and

housekeeping supplies and equipment.

(C) Class III - Packaged petroleum, lubricants, oils, preservatives, chemicals, and additives.

(D) Class IV - Construction and barrier materials.

(E) Class VI - Personal demand items (non-military sales) items).
(F) Subclass of Class VIII - Medical materials (excluding

(F) Subclass of Class VIII - Medical materials (excluding pharmaceuticals, biologicals, and reagents - suppliers should limit the mixing of excluded and non-excluded materials).

(G) Class IX - Repair parts and components including kits, assemblies and subassemblies, reparable and consumable items required for maintenance support of all equipment, excluding medical-peculiar repair parts; and

(ii) Are being shipped to one of the locations listed at http://www.acq.osd.mil/log/rfid/ or to 
(A) A location outside the contiguous United States when the shipment has been assigned Transportation Priority 1, or to
(B) The following location(s) deemed necessary by the requiring activity:

requiring activity:

Contract Line,

Subline, or Exhibit Line

Location Item Number

City DoDACC State

(2) The following are excluded from the requirements of paragraph (b)(1) of this clause:
(i) Shipments of bulk commodities.

(ii) Shipments to locations other than Defense Distribution Depots when the contract includes the clause at FAR 52.213-1, Fast Payment Procedures.

(c) The Contractor shall-(1) Ensure that the data encoded on each passive RFID tag are globally unique (i.e., the tag ID is never repeated across two or more RFID tags and conforms to the requirements in paragraph (d) of this clause;

Use passive tags that are readable; and

(2) Use passive tags that are readable; and (3) Ensure that the passive tag is affixed at the appropriate location on the specific level of packaging, in accordance with MIL-STD-129 (Section 4.9.2) tag placement specifications.

(d) Data syntax and standards. The Contractor shall encode an approved RFID tag using the instructions provided in the EPC: Tag Data Standards in effect at the time of contract award. The EPC: Tag Data Standards are available at

awatt. He been ag baca candards are warfable ach http://www.epcglobalinc.org/standards/.

(1) If the Contractor is an EPCglobal: subscriber and possesses a unique EPC: company prefix, the Contractor may use any of the identifiers and encoding instructions described in the most recent EPC: Tag Data Standards document to encode tags.

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

(2) If the Contractor chooses to employ the DoD identifier Type, the Contractor shall use its previously assigned Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Code and shall encode the tags in accordance with the tag identity type details located at http://www.acq.osd.mil/log/rfid/tag\_data.htm. If the Contractor uses a third party packaging house to encode its tags, the CAGE code of the third-party packaging house is acceptable.

CONTINUATION SHEET

- (3) Regardless of the selected encoding scheme, the Contractor with which the Department holds the contract is responsible for ensuring that the tag ID encoded on each passive RFIS tag is globally unique, per the requirements in paragraph (c)(1).
- (e) Advance shipment notice. The Contractor shall use Wide Area WorkFlow (WAWF), as required by DFARS 252.232-7003, Electronic Submission of Payment Requests, to electronically submit advance shipment notice(s) with the RFID tag IDs (specified in paragraph (d) of this clause) in advance of the shipment in accordance with the procedures at https://wawf.eb.mil/

D11C02 52.211-9010 SHIPPING LABEL REQUIREMENTS - MILITARY STANDARD (MIL-STD) 129P (MAR 2012) DLAD

D11C03 52.211-9010 SHIPPING LABEL REQUIREMENTS -MILITARY STANDARD (MIL-STD) 129P (MAR 2012) ALT I (AUG 2005)

D11C08 52.211-9033 PACKAGING AND MARKING REQUIREMENTS (APR 2008) DLAD

D46C02 52.246-9062 REPACKAGING TO CORRECT PACKAGING DEFICIENCIES (SEP 2008) DLAD

D47C01 52.247-9012 REQUIREMENTS FOR TREATMENT OF WOOD PACKAGING MATERIAL (WPM) (FEB 2007) DLAD

(a) THIS CLAUSE ONLY APPLIES WHEN WOOD PACKAGING MATERIAL (WPM) WILL BE USED TO MAKE SHIPMENTS UNDER THIS CONTRACT AND/OR WHEN WPM IS BEING ACQUIRED UNDER THIS CONTRACT.

(b) Definition.

Wood packaging material (WPM) means wood pallets, skids, load boards, pallet collars, wooden boxes, reels, dunnage, crates, frame and cleats. The definition excludes materials that have undergone a manufacturing process, such as corrugated fiberboard, plywood, particleboard, veneer, and oriented

fiberboard, plywood, particleboard, veneer, and oriented strand board (OSD).

(c) All Wood Packaging Material (WPM) used to make shipments under DOD contracts and/or acquired by DOD must meet requirements of International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPM) 15, 'Guidelines for Regulating Wood Packaging Materials in International Trade.' DOD shipments inside and outside of the United States must meet ISPM 15 whenever WPM is used to ship DOD cargo.

(1) All WPM shall comply with the official quality control program for heat treatment (HT) or kiln dried heat treatment (KD HT) in accordance with American Lumber Standard Committee, Incorporated (ALSC) Wood Packaging Material Program and WPM Enforcement Regulations (see http://www.alsc.org/).

Enforcement Regulations (see http://www.alsc.org/).

(2) All WPM shall include certification/quality markings in accordance with the ALSC standard. Markings shall be placed in an unobstructed area that will be readily visible to inspectors. Pallet markings shall be applied to the stringer or block on diagonally opposite sides of the pallet and be contrasting and clearly visible. All containers shall be marked on a side other than the top or bottom, contrasting and clearly visible. All dunnage used in configuring and/or securing the load shall also comply with ISPM 15 and be marked with an ASLC approved DUNNAGE stamp.

with an ASLL approved DUNNAGE stamp.

(d) Failure to comply with the requirements of this restriction may result in refusal, destruction, or treatment of materials at the point of entry. The Agency reserves the right to recoup from the Contractor any remediation costs incurred by the Government.

## SECTION E

E11C02 52.211-9023 SUBSTITUTION OF ITEM AFTER AWARD (NOV 2011) DLAD

E46A01 52.246-1 CONTRACTOR INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS (APR 1984) FAR

E46B01 252.246-7000 MATERIAL INSPECTION AND RECEIVING REPORT (MAR 2008) DFARS

E46C05 52.246-9007 INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE AT DESTINATION (AUG 2007) DLAD

E46C14 52.246-9019 MATERIAL AND INSPECTION REPORT (APR 2008) DLAD

SECTION F

F11A06 52.211-16 VARIATION IN QUANTITY (APR 1984)

- (b) The permissible variation shall be limited to:
- 0 % (Percent) Increase 0 % (Percent) Decrease

This increase or decrease shall apply to the quantity at the line item level, or for phased delivery at the sub-clin level, as designated by item number followed by two alphas, i.e. 0001AA. The variation (if any) shall be shipped with the quantity for the line item, or for phased delivery the quantity specified for each sub-clin. Under no circumstances will the contractor ship a variation in quantity against any line item/sub-clin other than as specified in the delivery schedule.

F11A07 52.211-17 DELIVERY OF EXCESS QUANTITIES (SEP 1989)

F11C11 52.211-9020 TIME OF DELIVERY - ACCELERATED DELIVERY (JUN 2008) DLAD

F42A02 52.242-15 STOP-WORK ORDER (AUG 1989) FAR

F42A05 52.242-17 GOVERNMENT DELAY OF WORK (APR 1984) FAR

F47A03 52.247-34 F.O.B. DESTINATION (NOV 1991) FAR

F47C14 52.247-9034 POINT OF CONTACT FOR TRANSPORTATION INSTRUCTIONS (JUN 2013) DLAD

(a) For Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA) administered orders to include DCMA Americas, Canada: The Contractor shall contact the transportation officer at the administering DCMA location. To obtain the applicable Government shipping document/instructions, 7 days prior to shipment availability, the Contractor shall use the Shipping Instructions Request (SIR) web-based eTool application available through the DCMA's website http://www.DCMA.mil at http://www.dcma.mil/itcso/cbt/SIR/index.cfm. (b) For DCMA International outside contiguous United States

(b) For DCMA International outside contiguous United States (OCONUS) administered orders (excluding DCMA Americas, Canada): The Contractor shall either use Department of Defense (DD) Form 1659 or the DCMA SIR eTool as directed by the DCMA International Transportation Office.

(1) An electronic version of the DD Form 1659 can be a ccessed at:

http://www.dtic.mil/whs/directives/infomgt/forms/eforms/dd1659.pdf or may be obtained from the responsible DCMA International Contract Administration Office (CAO) Transportation Office

(c) For Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) administered orders: The Contractor shall contact the DLA Distribution Supply Chain Transportation Office Helpdesk for shipping instructions

at 1-800-456-5507 or via e-mail to delivery0 F47C15 52.247-9035 SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS (DOMESTIC) (NOV 2011) DLAD

F47C18 52.247-9038 SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS FOR DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY (DLA) DIRECT ACQUISITIONS (NOV 2011) DLAD

Freight shipping addresses and scheduling instructions, if applicable, are available at Defense Logistics Acquisition Directive (DLAD) Procedures, Guidance and Instruction (PGI) 47.305-10. Contractors will need to schedule a delivery appointment prior to arriving at the depot.

# SECTION H

H46C01 52.246-9039 REMOVAL OF GOVERNMENT IDENTIFICATION FROM NON-ACCEPTED SUPPLIES (NOV 2011) DLAD

## SECTION I

103B02 252.203-7000 REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO COMPENSATION OF FORMER DOD OFFICIALS (SEP 2011) DFARS

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

103B03 252.203-7002 REQUIREMENT TO INFORM EMPLOYEES OF WHISTLEBLOWER RIGHTS (JAN 2009) DFARS

I04B03 252.204-7003 CONTROL OF GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL WORK PRODUCT (APR 1992) DFARS

I11A01 52.211-5 MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS (AUG 2000) FAR

I11A02 52.211-15 DEFENSE PRIORITY AND ALLOCATION REQUIREMENT (APR 2008) FAR

I11C02 52.211-9002 PRIORITY RATING (NOV 2011) DLAD

I11C08 52.211-9014 CONTRACTOR RETENTION OF TRACEABILITY DOCUMENTATION (AUG 2012) DLAD

I11C14 52.211-9052 NOTIFICATION TO GOVERNMENT OF CONTEMPLATED PRODUCTION PHASE-OUT (NOV 2011) DLAD

I15A05 52.215-8 ORDER OF PRECEDENCE -- UNIFORM CONTRACT FORMAT (OCT 1997) FAR

I22A35 52.222-50 COMBATING TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS (FEB 2009) FAR

I23A29 52.223-18 ENCOURAGING CONTRACTOR POLICIES TO BAN TEXT MESSAGING WHILE DRIVING (AUG 2011) FAR

I25A04 52.225-13 RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PURCHASES (JUN 2008) FAR

125B54 252.225-7048 EXPORT-CONTROLLED ITEMS (JUN 2013) DFARS

132A01 52.232-1 PAYMENTS (APR 1984) FAR

I32A06 52.232-8 DISCOUNTS FOR PROMPT PAYMENT (FEB 2002) FAR

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I32A08 52.232-11 EXTRAS (APR 1984) FAR

132A22 52.232-25 PROMPT PAYMENT (JUL 2013) FAR

I32A28 52.232-33 PAYMENT BY ELECTRONIC FUNDS
TRANSFER - SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT (JUL 2013) FAR

I32A32 52.232-39 UNENFORCEABILITY OF UNAUTHORIZED OBLIGATIONS (JUN 2013) FAR

I32B02 252.232-7003 ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF PAYMENT REQUESTS AND RECEIVING REPORTS (JUN 2012) DFARS

I32C04 52.232-9010 ACCELERATED PAYMENTS TO SMALL BUSINESS (JUN 2012) DLAD

In order to implement Department of Defense policy providing for accelerated payments to small businesses, the Government may issue awards that reflect payment terms of net 30 days, regardless of the payment terms offered by the vendor. This is required so that the Government can make accelerated payment to small businesses, which it intends to do in accordance with Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) 232.906(a)(ii), on contracts or orders for which fast pay procedures do not apply as soon as practicable following receipt of a proper invoice and completion of receipt and acceptance documentation, as required for payment by Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 32.905. The Government s intent to make accelerated payment does not alter the rules for imposition of prompt payment interest as set out in the contract or order and FAR Subpart 32.9.

133A01 52.233-1 DISPUTES (JUL 2002) FAR

133A03 52.233-3 PROTEST AFTER AWARD (AUG 1996) FAR

I33A05 52.233-4 APPLICABLE LAW FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT (OCT 2004) FAR

I33C01 52.233-9001 DISPUTES: AGREEMENT TO USE ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (NOV 2011) DLAD

(c) If you wish to opt out of this clause, check here
( ) (Vendor Fill-in).

139C01 52.239-9000 Y2K COMPLIANCE NOTICE (JUN 2002) DLAD

143A01 52.243-1 CHANGES -- FIXED PRICE (AUG 1987) FAR

I43B01 252.243-7001 PRICING OF CONTRACT MODIFICATIONS (DEC 1991) DFARS

I44A05 52.244-6 SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS (JUL 2013) FAR

146B05 252.246-7003 NOTIFICATION OF POTENTIAL SAFETY ISSUES (JUN 2013) DFARS

I46C05 52.246-9054 WARRANTY - ACCEPTANCE OF SUPPLIES (NOV 2011) DLAD

149A01 52.249-1 TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE OF THE GOVERNMENT (FIXED-PRICE) (SHORT FORM) (APR 1984) FAI

I52A01 52.252-2 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998) FAR

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

FAR: http://acquisition.gov/comp/far/loadmainre.html

DFARS:

http://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/dars/dfarspgi/current/index.html

CLASS DEVIATIONS:

http://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/dars/class\_deviations.html

DLAD: http://www.dla.mil/Acquisition/Pages/DLAD.aspx

I52A02 52.252-6 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN CLAUSES (APR 1984) FAR

(a) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapterl) clause with an authorize deviation is indicated by the addition of '(DEVIATION)' after the date of the clause.

(b) The use in this solicitation or contract of any DOD FAR Supplement (DFARS) (48 CFR Chapter 2) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of '(DEVIATION)' after the name of the regulation.

153A01 52.253-1 COMPUTER GENERATED FORMS (JAN 1991)